UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT NORTHERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS DALLAS DIVISION

HARRISON COMPANY LLC,	§	
	§	
Plaintiff,	§	
	§	
v.	§	CIVIL ACTION NO. 3:19-CV-01057-B
	§	
A-Z WHOLESALERS INC et al.,	§	
	§	
Defendants.	§	

SCHEDULING ORDER

I. SUMMARY OF CRITICAL DATES

Deadline for Joint Report naming mediator (¶ 6)	October 08, 2019
Deadline for Motions for Leave to Join Parties or Amend Pleadings (¶ 2)	December 19, 2019
Plaintiff's Expert Designation & Report (¶ 4 a)	November 19, 2019
Defendant's Expert Designation & Report (¶ 4 b.)	December 19, 2019
Rebuttal Expert Designation (¶ 4 c)	30 days after disclosure made by other party
Deadline for Expert Objections (¶ 4 d)	July 16, 2020 (but not before Dispositive Motions deadline)
Deadline for Completion of Mediation (¶ 6)	April 17, 2020
Deadline for Dispositive Motions (¶ 3)	June 16, 2020
Deadline for Completion of Discovery (¶ 5)	May 17, 2020
Deadline for Pretrial Disclosures and Objections (¶ 7)	July 31, 2020 Objections due 14 days thereafter
Deadline for Pretrial Materials (pretrial order etc.) (¶ 8)	August 31, 2020
Settlement Conference (¶ 10)	Ten days prior to the pretrial conference
Exchange of Exhibits (¶ 9)	Two days prior to the pretrial conference
Pretrial Conference (¶ 9)	September 11, 2020 at 10:00 AM

II. SCHEDULING INSTRUCTIONS

Pursuant to Rule 16(b) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure and the local rules of this Court (except as modified herein), the Court, having considered the status report submitted by the parties, finds that the following schedule should govern the disposition of this case:

Unless otherwise ordered or specified by this Order, all limitations and requirements of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure and the local rules of this Court must be observed. And unless otherwise noted, all references to Rules in this Order refer to the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.

Please note that the Court has attempted to adhere to the schedule requested by the parties. In so doing, the Court assumes that the parties thoroughly discussed scheduling issues prior to submitting their status report and that the parties understand that the deadlines imposed in this Order are firmly in place, absent the few exceptions set forth below.

- 1. <u>Trial Date</u>: This case is **set for trial** beginning **September 14, 2020**. Any potential conflicts must be called to the attention of the Court **in writing** within **ten days** from the date of this Order. In the interest of managing its docket—*e.g.*, if more than one case is anticipated to proceed to trial on the same date—the Court may reset the trial date with notice to the parties.
- 2. <u>Joinder of Parties or Amendment of Pleadings</u>: By December 19, 2019, all motions for leave to join additional parties or amend pleadings shall be filed. The parties must comply with Rule 15(a).
- 3. <u>Dispositive Motions</u>: By June 16, 2020, all motions that would dispose of all or any part of this case (including motions for summary judgment) shall be filed.

4. Experts:

A. <u>Designation of Expert(s) by Plaintiff:</u> Unless otherwise permitted by the Court, the plaintiff shall file a written designation of the name and address of each expert

- witness who will testify at trial for the plaintiff and shall otherwise comply with Rule 26(a) (2) on or before November 19, 2019.
- B. <u>Designation of Expert(s) by Defendant or Third Party:</u> Each defendant or third party shall file a written designation of the name and address of each expert witness who will testify at trial for that party and shall otherwise comply with Rule 26(a)(2) on or before December 19, 2019.
- C. Rebuttal Expert(s): If the evidence is intended solely to contradict or rebut evidence on the same subject matter identified by another party under Rule 26(a)(2)(B), the disclosures required under Rule 26(a)(2) shall be made within 30 days after the disclosure made by the other party.
- D. <u>Challenges to Experts:</u> The parties are directed to file any objections to, or motions to strike or exclude expert testimony (including *Daubert* motions), no later than **July 16, 2020**. Absent leave of court granted for unique circumstances, *Daubert* motions and other expert objections should not be filed before **June 16, 2020**.
- 5. <u>Completion of Discovery</u>: By May 17, 2020, all discovery—including discovery concerning expert witnesses—shall be completed. The parties generally may agree to extend this discovery deadline, provided: (1) the extension does not affect the trial setting, dispositive motions deadline, challenges to experts deadline, or pretrial submission dates; and (2) written notice of the extension is given to the Court. But the Court always retains the right to reject an agreed extension if it finds that the parties are failing to move the case expeditiously.

Any motion to compel discovery or for a protective order must be filed by the later of: (1) 14 days before the completion-of-discovery deadline; or (2) 10 days after the discovery response at issue was served or due to be served. Any other motions that are related to discovery but do not seek to compel or avoid as-yet uncompleted depositions, service of discovery responses, or production of documents or electronically stored information must be filed by 3 days after the completion-of-discovery deadline.

Any motion to quash or for protective order relating to a deposition that is filed less than five days before the scheduled or noticed date of the deposition will be summarily denied unless,

on proper motion, the Court grants leave for the motion to be filed based on a showing of extraordinary or extenuating circumstances that prevented the requested relief from being presented to the Court at an earlier date.

- 6. <u>Mediation</u>: The parties shall file a Joint Report informing the Court of their choice of an agreed-upon mediator or of their inability to agree upon a mediator 35 days from the date of this order. In the event the parties are unable to agree on a mediator, the Court will appoint one for them. At that time, a separate Mediation Order will be issued, discussing the guidelines and requirements of the mediation. The parties shall mediate their case by **April 17, 2020**.
- Pretrial Disclosures and Objections: Unless otherwise directed by order, the parties must make the disclosures required by Rule 26(a)(3)(A)(i)–(iii) by July 31, 2020. Within 14 days thereafter, a party must serve and file a list disclosing any objections, together with the supporting grounds, to: (1) the use under Rule 32(a) of a deposition designated by another party under Rule 26(a)(3)(A)(iii); (2) the admissibility of materials identified under Rule 26(a)(3)(A)(iii); and (3) the use of any witnesses (except for expert objections) identified under Rule 26(a)(3)(A)(i), if any. Objections not so disclosed, other than objections under Rules 402 and 403 of the Federal Rules of Evidence, are waived unless excused by the Court for good cause. Responses to objections, if any, should be filed within 14 days of the date of the filing of the objections.
- 8. <u>Pretrial Materials</u>: By August 31, 2020, the following pretrial materials shall be filed:
 - A. <u>Joint Pretrial Order</u>: Plaintiff's attorney shall submit a joint pretrial order that covers each of the matters listed in Local Rule 16.4 and states the estimated length of trial and whether the case is jury or non-jury. Each party may present its version of any disputed matter in the joint pretrial order; therefore, failure to agree upon

¹Requiring parties to file objections to witnesses disclosed under Rule 26(a)(3)(A)(i) is a modification of the requirements of Rule 26(a)(3)(B), which requires only that the parties file objections to deposition designations and exhibits.

content or language is not an excuse for submitting separate pretrial orders. If an attorney for either party does not participate in the preparation of the joint pretrial order, the opposing attorney shall submit a separate pretrial order with an explanation of why a joint order was not submitted (so that the court can impose sanctions, if appropriate). When the joint pretrial order is approved by the Court, it will control all subsequent proceedings in this case.

- B. Motions in Limine: Motions in limine should not be filed as a matter of course. Parties may file motions in limine on no more than TEN discrete topics (no subparts) that are actually in dispute. Good faith compliance with the conference requirements of Local Rule 7.1 will help to narrow issues that are *actually* in dispute. Motions in limine that contain boilerplate requests, that exceed ten topics, or that cover undisputed issues will be stricken.
- C. <u>Jury Instructions</u>: Each party shall submit requested jury instructions (annotated).²
 Each party shall also send a Word or WordPerfect version to Boyle Orders@txnd.uscourts.gov.
- **D.** Proposed Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law (annotated)³: In a non-jury case, each party having the burden of persuasion on an issue shall file proposed findings of fact and conclusions of law. Within five days thereafter, any opposing party shall serve its proposed findings and conclusions (annotated)⁴ on that issue, numbered in paragraphs corresponding to those earlier filed. This requirement modifies Local Rule 52.1.
- E. <u>Voir Dire</u>: The parties shall file any proposed voir dire questions that they wish the Court to ask during its examination of the jury panel.
- **Trial Briefs:** Each party may file trial briefs. In the absence of a specific order of the Court, trial briefs are not required but are welcomed if a party believes it would help the Court. The briefing should utilize Fifth Circuit and/or Supreme Court authority or relevant state authority to address the issues the parties anticipate will arise at trial.

² "Annotated" means that *each* proposed instruction or conclusion of law shall be accompanied by citation to statutory or case authority and/or pattern instructions. It is not sufficient to submit a proposed instruction or conclusion of law without citation to supporting authority. The parties should—to the extent possible—rely on the Fifth Circuit pattern instructions or, in their absence, Fifth Circuit and Supreme Court cases in proposing jury instructions. If state law is at issue, the applicable state authority should be cited.

³ See supra note 2.

⁴ *Id*.

NOTE: Deadlines in this order regarding pretrial materials are dates for <u>filing</u> or <u>delivery</u>, <u>not mailing</u> dates.

9. Pretrial Conference: A pretrial conference in the case is set for September 11, 2020 at 10:00 AM. Lead counsel for each party must attend; if the party is proceeding *pro se*, the party must attend. Fed. R. Civ. P. 16(e). Lead counsel and *pro se* parties must have the authority to enter into stipulations and admissions that would facilitate the admission of evidence and reduce the time and expense of trial. *Id.* All pretrial motions not previously decided will be heard at that time and procedures for trial will be discussed.

By no later than two days before the Pretrial Conference, the following final pretrial materials shall be submitted. Given that these final pretrial materials are due very shortly before the trial date, they should reflect the parties' best efforts to: (1) determine those exhibits, witnesses, and deposition designations that they are most likely to actually use at trial; and (2) reach agreement on the admission of that evidence.

- A. Exchange of Exhibits: Counsel for each party intending to offer exhibits shall exchange a complete set of marked exhibits (including demonstrative exhibits) with opposing counsel and shall deliver to the Court's chambers one hard copy and one digital copy of the marked exhibits (except for large or voluminous items that cannot be easily reproduced). The documents or things to be offered as exhibits shall be numbered by attachment of gummed labels to correspond with the sequence on the exhibit list and shall identify the party submitting the exhibit. This requirement modifies Local Rule 26.2(a).
- B. <u>Witness Lists</u>: Each party shall file a list of witnesses that: (1) divides the persons listed into groups of "probable witnesses," "possible witnesses," "experts," and "record custodians"; and (2) provides:
 - (i) the name and address of each witness;
 - (ii) a brief narrative summary of the testimony to be covered by each witness;
 - (iii) whether the witness has been deposed; and

(iv) the expected duration of direct or cross-examination of the witness.⁵

This requirement modifies Local Rule 26.2(b).

C. <u>Exhibit List and Deposition Testimony Designations</u>: Each party shall file a list of exhibits (including demonstrative exhibits) and a designation of portions of depositions to be offered at trial. The Court expects the parties to confer and agree to admit the <u>majority</u> of their exhibits and deposition designations before trial. The Court also expects the parties to cooperate in preparing the written statements referenced below.

The list of exhibits shall describe with specificity the documents or things in numbered sequence and shall be accompanied by a written statement signed by counsel for each party, stating that, as to each exhibit shown on the list:

- (1) the parties agree to the admissibility of the exhibit; or
- (2) the admissibility of the exhibit is objected to, identifying the nature and legal basis of any objection to admissibility and the name(s) of the party or parties urging the objection.

Counsel for the party proposing to offer an exhibit shall be responsible for coordinating activities related to preparing the written statement for the exhibit. The Court may exclude any exhibit offered at trial unless a statement regarding the exhibit has been filed in a timely manner.

Each party will be expected to present the list of that party's exhibits to which no objection will be lodged (pre-admitted) at the **pretrial conference**.⁶ The parties should be prepared at the Pretrial Conference to identify for the Court, and to focus on, any outstanding objections to that evidence that they are most likely to use at trial (e.g., by asking the Court to rule on objections to only the 20 most pertinent exhibits to be used out of the 200 exhibits submitted as part of the Pretrial Disclosures of paragraph 7 above).

⁵ Under Rule 16(c) (15) and Section VII of the United States District Court for the Northern District of Texas Civil Justice Expense and Delay Reduction Plan, the Court may impose a reasonable limit on the time allowed for presenting evidence in this case. See Fed. R. Civ. P. 15(c) (15) advisory committee's note to 1993 amendment (explaining that courts should ordinarily impose time limits only after receiving appropriate submissions from the parties).

⁶ This does not change the sequential manner in which each side should number its exhibits. In other words, a party should not separately number its exhibits in "objected to" and "unobjected to" categories.

10. Settlement Conference and Status Report:

- A. Settlement Conference: At least ten days before the pretrial conference, the parties and their respective lead counsel shall hold a face-to-face meeting to discuss settlement of this case. Individual parties and their counsel shall participate in person, not by telephone or other remote means. All other parties shall participate by a representative or representatives, in addition to counsel, who shall have unlimited settlement authority and who shall participate in person, not by telephone or other remote means. If a party has liability insurance coverage as to any claim made against that party in this case, a representative of each insurance company providing such coverage, who shall have full authority to offer policy limits in settlement, shall be present at, and participate in, the meeting in person, not by telephone or other remote means. At this meeting, the parties shall comply with the requirements of Local Rule 16.3.
- **B. Joint Settlement Report:** Within **seven days** after the settlement conference, the parties shall jointly prepare and file a written report, which shall be signed by counsel for each party, detailing: (1) the date on which the meeting was held; (2) the persons present (including the capacity of any representative); (3) a statement as to whether meaningful progress toward settlement was made; and (4) a statement regarding the prospects of settlement.
- Modification of Scheduling Order: As addressed above, this Order controls the disposition of this case unless it is modified by the Court on a showing of good cause and by leave of court. Fed. R. Civ. P. 16(b)(4). Any request that the trial date of this case be modified must be made: (1) in writing to the Court; (2) before the deadline for completion of discovery; and (3) in accordance with the United States District Court for the Northern District of Texas Civil Justice Expense and Delay Reduction Plan ¶ V and Local Rule 40.1, which requires that motions for continuance be signed by the party as well as by the attorney of record.
- Sanctions: Should any party or counsel fail to cooperate in doing anything required by this Order, the party or counsel—or both—may be subject to sanctions. If the *plaintiff* does not timely file the required (or other) pretrial material, then the case will be dismissed. If the *defendant/third* party does not timely file the required (or other) pretrial material, then a default will be entered or the defendant/third party will not be permitted to present witnesses or exhibits at trial. Fines or

other sanctions, if appropriate, may also be imposed under Rule 16(f). Failure to list a witness, exhibit, or deposition excerpt as required by this Order shall be grounds for exclusion of that evidence. This does not apply to testimony, exhibits, or deposition excerpts offered for impeachment; further, the use of unlisted witnesses, exhibits, or deposition excerpts for rebuttal shall be permitted if the attorneys could not have reasonably anticipated their need for that evidence.

- DISPOSITIVE MOTIONS, responses, replies, and appendices thereto. The Court's copies are to be delivered to the Clerk's Office, 1100 Commerce, 14th floor. Proposed orders are required to be submitted with EVERY non-dispositive motion. Proposed orders must be submitted via email in a WordPerfect or Word-compatible format as instructed in the CM/ECF system's "Proposed Orders" Event. The proposed orders must be emailed to: boyle_orders@txnd.uscourts.gov and include the case number and the document number of the referenced motion in the subject line. Make sure to "cc" opposing counsel.
- Inquiries by Email and Telephone: Questions about this Scheduling Order or any other matters related to this case should be directed to Judge Boyle's courtroom deputy by calling (214) 753-2740 and then pressing the option for "civil cases." If, upon pressing the "civil cases" option, the phone goes to voicemail, please leave a message and include the case name and number, as well as your name and number and that of opposing counsel. The message will be transmitted as an email to Judge Boyle's staff. Alternatively, you can email the Court about your case at Boyle_civil@txnd.uscourts.gov. If you choose to email the Court, include the case name and number, as well as your name and number. Also, make sure to "cc" opposing counsel on your email to the Court. If you do not "cc" opposing counsel, you will not receive a response to your email.

SO ORDERED.

SIGNED: September 3, 2019.

JANE J. BOYLE NITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE